

HLA Venture Dana Putra (HLAVDP)

Aug 2018

Fund Features

1. Investment Objective

The objective of the fund is to achieve capital growth over the medium to long term.

2. Investment Strategy & Approach

This fund invests in Syariah-approved securities and money market instruments.

3. Asset Allocation

The fund will invest up to 90% but not less than 40% of its NAV in equities.

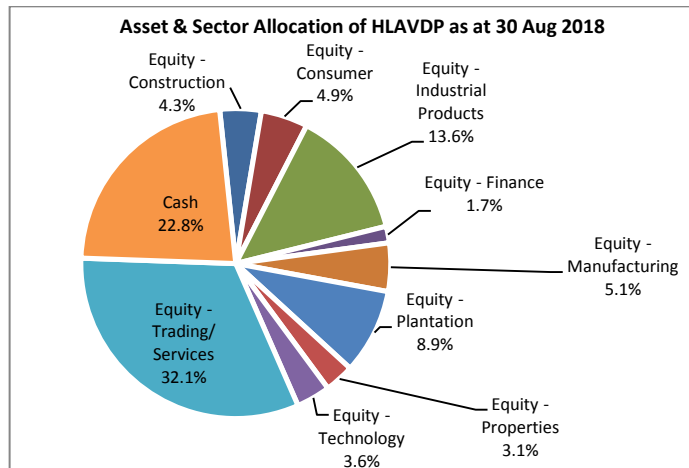
4. Target Market

This fund is suitable for investors who are willing to take moderate risk.

Fund Details

Unit Price (30/8/2018)	: RM2.5354
Fund Size (30/8/2018)	: RM71.4mil
Fund Management Fee (effective as at 01/09/2016)	: 1.40% p.a. (capped at 1.40%)
Fund Manager	: Hong Leong Assurance Berhad
Fund Category	: Equity
Fund Inception	: 19 Jul 2000
Benchmark	: FBM EmasShariah Index (KL Shariah Index)
Frequency of Unit Valuation	: Daily

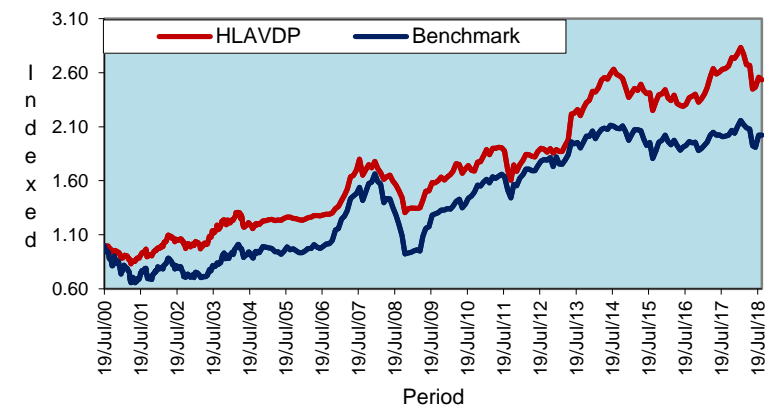
The Company reserves the right to change the cap of Fund Management Fee (% p.a.) by giving the Policy Owner ninety (90) days prior written notice. The Fund Management Fee will be reviewed monthly and will be revised if the previous month end actual asset allocation deviates by more than ten percent (10%) of the initial asset allocation.



Top 10 Holdings for HLAVDP as at 30 Aug 2018

	%
1. TENAGA	8.2
2. INARI	5.1
3. QL	4.9
4. DIALOG	4.5
5. MYEG	4.4
6. YINSON	3.7
7. AXIATA	3.2
8. CMSB	3.0
9. IOICORP	3.0
10. SIMEPLT	2.9
Total Top 10	42.9

Historical Performance



	YTD	1 month	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years	Since Inception
HLAVDP	-8.59%	-0.88%	-3.85%	12.75%	15.16%	67.96%	153.54%
Benchmark*	-3.73%	-0.03%	0.45%	11.92%	6.31%	68.68%	102.24%
Relative	-4.86%	-0.85%	-4.30%	0.84%	8.85%	-0.72%	51.30%

Source: Bloomberg

Market Review, Outlook & Strategy

Sentiment in regional markets continued to be weak during the month. Despite upbeat US economic data and the strong corporate earnings season, markets remained range-bound. Investor sentiment was weighted down by escalation of trade tensions, sharp sell-off in Turkish assets which in turn precipitated an outflow in emerging markets with sharp sell downs in Argentina, Brazil, South Africa and Indonesia. Meanwhile the ongoing US-China trade war tensions look set to intensify with US potentially imposing 25% tariffs on another US\$200b of China imports, setting in motion retaliation by the Chinese. Crude oil prices strengthened to US\$69.88/ barrel, as falling Iranian output will tighten markets once US sanctions against them take effect in November.

However, the KLCI bucked the trend, as big cap stocks rebounded with foreign selling subsiding and increased local institutional participation due to excess liquidity. However, investors were generally still cautious on the back of weaker than expected 2Q GDP growth and the disappointing 2Q18 results. Earnings disappointment came mainly from the construction, property, media and plantation sectors. The street has also started to reflect some short-term policy uncertainties post-GE 14 into corporate earnings forecasts. The Ringgit depreciated by 1.1% mom to RM4.1090/ US\$.

During the month, the KLCI recovered by 2% mom to close at 1,819.66pts. The index has recovered most of its losses from GE 14 and has generated a positive YTD return of 1.3% as at end Aug 18. Broader markets underperformed the KLCI with FTSE Emas recording a smaller return of +0.7% mom in August and FTSE Emas Shariah marginally declining by 0.03% mom. FTSE Bursa Small Cap index was down by 2.2% mom.

Going into September, investors will be keeping a close watch on newsflow on US-China trade tensions as well as the outcome of the FOMC and ECB meetings. In the local market, key events are the reimplementation of the Sales and Services Tax (SST) 2.0 on 1 Sep 18 and its impact on consumption. Newsflow on the minimum wage review and the new National Housing Policy will also be awaited. However, we note the disconnect between the recent outperformance of local equity markets as measured by the KLCI against weak GDP growth and poor corporate results. Hence we continue to be defensive going forward, focusing on blue-chips with sustainable earnings and steady dividend yield and exporters benefiting from the US-China trade tensions such as the technology sector. We will continually re-look sectors that have de-rated substantially post the outcome of the general election that continue to have positive earnings growth.

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Actual Annual Investment Returns for the Past Five (5) Calendar Years

Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Benchmark	13.3%	-4.2%	2.4%	-6.1%	10.7%
HLAVDP- Gross	32.6%	-1.1%	4.9%	-2.4%	20.8%
HLAVDP - Net	28.6%	-2.4%	3.1%	-3.6%	17.7%

Net returns are adjusted for tax and fund management fees.

Those are the actual returns in the past five (5) years, or since inception if shorter, and are strictly the performance of the investment-linked fund. Thus, the returns are not earned on the actual premium paid of the investment-linked product.

Investment Risks

All investments carry risks. Policy Owners must be prepared to accept certain degree of risk associated with this Investment. The following are the non-exhaustive list of risks associated to this fund.

1. Market Risk

Market risk stems from the fact that there are other economy-wide perils, which threaten all businesses. It is mainly caused by uncertainties in the economy, political and social environment.

2. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the fund invested cannot be readily sold and converted into cash. This may arise when the trading volume is low and/or where there is a lack of demand for the security.

3. Credit Risk

This refers to the possibility that the issuer of a security will not be able to make timely payments of interest or principal repayment on the maturity date. The default may lead to a fall in the value of the funds.

4. Interest Rate Risk

The level of interest rates has an impact on the value of investments. Any increase in rates will lead to a fall in the value of securities, thus affecting the value of the funds.

Risk Management

The Company has in place its Authorized Investment Framework which forms part of the Risk Management process. The authority framework will cover the nature and scope of the investment authority that is exercisable by various parties in managing the Company's investments. Besides this, sensitivity and stress testing is conducted to inform the Company's management the profit & loss profiles of their investments under different pre-defined risk scenarios and the necessary action to be taken if the potential losses exceed the Company's risk tolerance level.

Basis of Unit Valuation

- The assets of every fund are to be valued to determine the value at which units of a particular fund can be liquidated or purchased for investment purposes.
- The unit price of a unit of a fund shall be determined by the Company but in any event shall not be less than the value of fund of the relevant fund (as defined below), divided by the number of units of the given fund in issue on the business day before the valuation date, and the result adjusted to the nearest one hundredth of a cent.
- The maximum value of any asset of any fund shall not exceed the following price:
 - The last transacted market price at which those assets could be purchased or sold on the business day before the valuation date; or
 - In the case of securities for which market values are not readily available, the price at which, in our Investment Manager's opinion, the asset may have been purchased on the business day before the valuation date; plus any expenses which would have been incurred in its acquisition.
- To ensure fair treatment to all unit holders, the cost of acquiring and disposing of assets is recouped by making a transaction cost adjustment to the net asset value per unit.

Exceptional Circumstances

The Company reserves the right to defer the payment of benefits (other than death benefit) under this Policy for a period not exceeding six (6) months from the date the payment would have been normally effected if not for intervening events such as temporary closure of any Stock Exchange in which the fund is invested which the Company, in its discretion, may consider exceptional.

Basis of Calculation of Past Performance

The historical performance of the fund is calculated based on the price difference over the period in consideration compared to the older price of the period in consideration.

$$\frac{\text{Unit Price}_t - \text{Unit Price}_{t-1}}{\text{Unit Price}_{t-1}}$$

Others

HLA Venture Dana Putra is managed by Hong Leong Assurance Berhad (HLA). Any amount invested in this fund is invested by HLA on behalf of Policy Owner in equity, fixed income, collective investment scheme, foreign asset, derivatives and money market instrument/s. If the financial institutions and/or corporations issuing the equity, fixed income, collective investment scheme, foreign asset, derivatives and money market instruments defaults or insolvent, the Policy Owner risks losing part or all of his/her amount that were invested into the instruments on his/her behalf by HLA.

THIS IS AN INSURANCE PRODUCT THAT IS TIED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING ASSETS, AND IS NOT A PURE INVESTMENT PRODUCT SUCH AS UNIT TRUSTS.

Disclaimer:

Policy Owner must evaluate your options carefully and satisfy yourself that the investment-linked fund chosen meets your risk appetite. Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance. The intention of this document is to enable Policy Owner to better understand the fund features and details in order to assist Policy Owner to making an informed decision. This document shall not be construed as professional advice on investment choices.