# **HLA Venture Income Fund (HLAVIF)**

### December 2022

### **Fund Features**

# 1. Investment Objective

The objective of the fund is to achieve high principal security and steady income by investing in fixed-income instruments. Returns will be comparable to prevailing interest rates but correspondingly, the risks will be significantly lower than that for equities investment.

# 2. Investment Strategy & Approach

This fund focuses on fixed income securities and money market instruments as well as benchmarked against Maybank's 3 months fixed deposit rate. This fund is suitable for investors who have low to moderate risk profile.

## 3. Asset Allocation

The fund will invest up to 100% of its NAV in fixed income instruments.

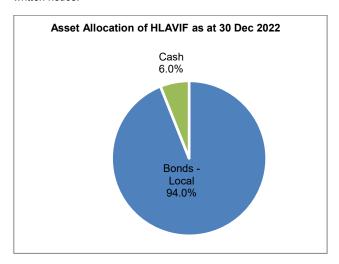
### 4. Target Market

This fund is suitable for investors who have low to moderate risk profile

#### **Fund Details**

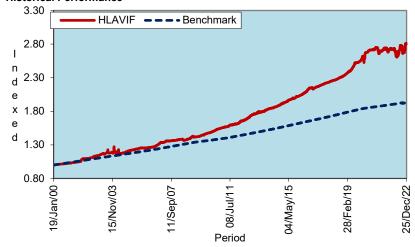
and Dotaile	
Unit Price (30/12/2022)	:RM2.8069
Fund Size (30/12/2022)	:RM610.155 mil
Fund Management Fee	: 0.50% p.a.
Fund Manager	:Hong Leong Assurance Berhad
Fund Category	:Bond
Fund Inception	:19 Jan 2000
Benchmark	:3-month Fixed Deposit Interest
	Rates
Frequency of Unit Valuation	:Daily

The Company reserves the right to change the Fund Management Fee (% p.a.) by giving the Policy Owner ninety (90) days prior written notice.



Top 5	Holdings for HLAVIF as at 30 Dec 2022	%
1.	M'SIAN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES 1	12.8
2.	TNB POWER GENERATION SDN BHD 0	11.9
3.	M'SIAN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES 0	9.6
4.	CAGAMAS Berhad 1	7.7
5.	M'SIAN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES 1	6.5
	Total Top 5	48.5

## **Historical Performance**



	YTD	1 month 1 ye		3 years	5 years	10 years	Since Inception	
HLAVIF	2.58%	1.09%	2.58%	10.08%	25.41%	60.07%	180.69%	
Benchmark*	0.93%	-0.45%	0.93%	4.66%	11.36%	29.94%	91.75%	
Relative	1.64%	1.54%	1.64%	5.41%	14.05%	30.13%	88.94%	

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance.



# **HLA Venture Income Fund (HLAVIF)**

#### **Market Review**

In December 2022, UST rates reversed their November rally as markets moderated their optimism about inflation peaking. Despite encouraging November CPI readings that were lower than expected for the second month in a row, the 2, 5, 10, and 30-year UST yields increased by 12, 27, 27, and 23 bps respectively, m-o-m. However, UST rallied in mid-December after November CPI readings of 0.1% m-o-m fell short of the market forecast of 0.3%. The Fed's 50bps hike, a reduction from the previous four 75bps hikes, aided the rally even more. The market's dovish sentiment was reversed again near the end of the month as a result of Japan's upward yield adjustment and the prospect of China reopening, which could result in renewed inflationary pressures. To close out the month, the 2- and 10-years UST settled at 4.43% and 3.87% respectively.

On the domestic front, opposing trends were observed as the domestic bond market rallied in the final month of the year. The yields on the 3, 5, 10-, and 15-year MGS fell by 14, 12, 7, and 6 bps respectively. The rally was supported by increased political clarity and stability, as the newly elected Prime Minister passed the vote of confidence held during the month. Furthermore, the relatively positive November inflation readings, which were flat at 4.0% year on year (October: 4.0% y-o-y), bolstered the sentiment. The 10-year MGS settled at 4.04% at the end of December, down from 4.11% the previous month.

In the corporate bond segment, some prominent new issuances during the month were PLUS (RM25.2 billion, AAA) Cagamas Berhad (RM4.0 billion, AAA), Maybank Islamic Bhd (RM3.0 billion, AAA), Public Islamic Bank Bhd (RM1.0 billion, AAA), CIMB Group Holdings (RM1.0 billion, AA2), and CIMB Bank Bhd (RM1.0 billion, AA2).

### **Outlook & Strategy**

We think that the UST market sentiment will be dovish in 2023, as the market has begun to see some result from the ongoing rate hike programme. Any positive indicators indicating that inflationary pressures have continued to ease would most likely be reflected prominently in the bond market. However, China's reopening could upend the current narrative by causing renewed inflationary pressures. We will continue to monitor -relevant lead indicators in order to -gauge the magnitude of future inflationary pressures.

Domestically, MGS will still be subjected to the movement of its US counterpart. While CPI numbers have been relatively moderate, food inflation still remains a concern and has yet to abate. We believe BNM still has room to raise the OPR rate, which could lead to bearish sentiments in the market. Additionally, the recently announced auction calendar which includes an additional date compared to last year, suggest an increase in bond supply for 2023. This could contribute to the bearish sentiment and hence, we will remain cautious.

#### Actual Annual Investment Returns for the Past Ten (10) Calendar Years

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Benchmark	3.1%	3.1%	3.2%	3.2%	3.1%	3.0%	3.3%	3.0%	1.5%	1.7%
<b>HLAVIF- Gross</b>	10.0%	5.4%	5.8%	6.5%	6.9%	5.3%	5.6%	10.2%	9.0%	0.1%
HLAVIF - Net	8.7%	4.5%	4.8%	5.5%	5.8%	4.4%	4.6%	8.9%	7.8%	-0.4%

Net returns are adjusted for tax and fund management fees.

Those are the actual returns in the past ten (10) years, or since inception if shorter, and are strictly the performance of the investment-linked fund. Thus, the returns are not earned on the actual premium paid of the investment-linked product.

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance.

## **Investment Risks**

All investments carry risks. Policy Owners must be prepared to accept certain degree of risk associated with this Investment. The following are the non-exhaustive list of risks associated to this fund.

# 1. Market Risk

Market risk stems from the fact that there are other economy-wide perils, which threaten all businesses. It is mainly caused by uncertainties in the economy, political and social environment.

## 2. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the fund invested cannot be readily sold and converted into cash. This may arise when the trading volume is low and/or where there is a lack of demand for the security.

# 3. Credit Risk

This refers to the possibility that the issuer of a security will not be able to make timely payments of interest or principal repayment on the maturity date. The default may lead to a fall in the value of the funds.

## 4. Interest Rate Risk

The level of interest rates has an impact on the value of investments. Any increase in rates will lead to a fall in the value of securities, thus affecting the value of the funds.

## 5. Country Risk

The foreign investment of a fund may be affected by the political & economic conditions of the country which the investments are made.

## 6. Currency Risk

This risk is associated with investments that are denominated in foreign currencies. Fluctuation in foreign exchange rates will have an impact on the value of the funds.

## **Risk Management**

The company has in place its Authorized Investment Framework which forms part of the Risk Management process. The authority framework covers the nature and scope of the investment authority that is exercisable by various parties in managing the Company's investments. The potential investment risks that are taken into consideration in managing the fund include economic conditions, liquidity, qualitative and quantitative aspects of the securities. The investment manager(s) have put in place the following controls to reduce the risks through:

- a) having a flexible tactical asset allocation
- b) investing in a wide range of companies across different sectors
- c) setting prudent investment limits on various exposures
- d) taking into account the liquidity factor in selecting securities
- e) engaging in the hedging of foreign currency exposure where appropriate



# **HLA Venture Income Fund (HLAVIF)**

# **Basis of Unit Valuation**

- 1. The assets of every fund are to be valued to determine the value at which units of a particular fund can be liquidated or purchased for investment purposes.
- 2. The unit price of a unit of a fund shall be determined by the Company but in any event shall not be less than the value of fund of the relevant fund (as defined below), divided by the number of units of the given fund in issue on the business day before the valuation date, and the result adjusted to the nearest one hundredth of a cent.
- 3. The maximum value of any asset of any fund shall not exceed the following price:
  - (a) The last transacted market price at which those assets could be purchased or sold on the business day before the valuation date; or
  - (b) In the case of securities for which market values are not readily available, the price at which, in our Investment Manager's opinion, the asset may have been purchased on the business day before the valuation date;

plus any expenses which would have been incurred in its acquisition.

4. To ensure fair treatment to all unit holders, the cost of acquiring and disposing of assets is recouped by making a transaction cost adjustment to the net asset value per unit.

# **Exceptional Circumstances**

The Company reserves the right to defer the payment of benefits (other than death benefit) under this Policy for a period not exceeding six (6) months from the date the payment would have been normally effected if not for intervening events such as temporary closure of any Stock Exchange in which the fund is invested which the Company, in its discretion, may consider exceptional.

# **Basis of Calculation of Past Performance**

The historical performance of the fund is calculated based on the price difference over the period in consideration compared to the older price of the period in consideration.

Unit Price<sub>t-1</sub> Unit Price<sub>t-1</sub>
Unit Price<sub>t-1</sub>

#### Others

HLA Venture Income Fund is managed by Hong Leong Assurance Berhad (HLA). Any amount invested in this fund is invested by HLA on behalf of Policy Owner in equity, fixed income, collective investment scheme, foreign asset, derivatives and money market instrument/s. If the financial institutions and/or corporations issuing the equity, fixed income, collective investment scheme, foreign asset, derivatives and money market instruments defaults or insolvent, the Policy Owner risks losing part or all of his/her amount that were invested into the instruments on his/her behalf by HLA.

THIS IS AN INSURANCE PRODUCT THAT IS TIED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING ASSETS, AND IS NOT A PURE INVESTMENT PRODUCT SUCH AS UNIT TRUSTS.

#### Disclaimer:

Policy Owner must evaluate your options carefully and satisfy yourself that the investment-linked fund chosen meets your risk appetite. Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance. The intention of this document is to enable Policy Owner to better understand the fund features and details in order to assist Policy Owner to making an informed decision. This document shall not be construed as professional advice on investment choices.